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RICHARD NEVINS E. B. ESHELMAN, Editors.

COLUMBUS, OHIO: SATURDAY MORNING. . . SEPT. 19.

FOR PRESIDENT. HORATIO SEYMOUR, -FOR VICE PRESIDENT, GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR, JR.,

OF MISSOURL. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS, STATE AT LARGE, HON. RUFUS P. HANNEY, of Cayabour HON. BEGH J. JER ETT of Muskingur DISTRICT MESCROSS

ADDITION B JEUP of Hamilton.

J. M. NOBLE of Hamilton.

J. M. NOBLE of Hamilton.

GEO. W. HGU'K, of Montgomery.

M. JACKSON of Miami.

JEAN OF Clerront.

M. JAFKANDER, of Greene.

M. JAFKANDER, of Oblaware.

M. JAFKANDER, of Oblaware.

M. JOHN A CRAMER, of Oblaware.

M. JOHN A CRAMER, of Oblaware.

M. J. GREENE, of Pike.

J. J. GREENE, of Pike.

M. J. J. GREENE, of Pike.

M. H. POPPLETO, of Lorain,

M. H. POPPLETO, of Lorain,

M. H. PATRICK, of Twearawas,

M. SAMUEL WILLIAMS, of Carroll.

MATT. BIRCHARD, of Trumbull.

Democratic State Ticket. on and decide you secherary of States and and THOMAS HUBBARD, of Logun. WILLIAM E. FINCE, of Perry. FOR MEMBER OF BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS!

FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER, JOHN M. WEBB, of Mahoning. FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, (Seventh Congressional District.)

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at

The Black Test. "I do solemnly swear that I accept the civil

and political equality of all men, and agree not to attempt to deprive any person or persons, on account of race, color or previous condition. of any political or civil right, privilege, or immunity enjoyed by any other class of men. So h ip me God."-Southern Radical Carpet Bag Constitutions.

Four Monster Democratic Meet-

The result of the Maine election has, in it: effects on the West, been contrary to Ruthual expectations. They value sup-pused that if they could increase their majority over last year, they would overawe the West into voting for GRANT and COL-FAX. The Republicans say that the reason that their vote was not all out last year, was because the Legislature of their State had passed an unpopular Liquor and Constabulary law. Will not laws that are objectionable and oppressive to the West, cause the Western people to vote and manifest their disapprobation, just as the Republicans of Maine last year testified their disapprobation of their Liquor and Constabulary

Of the Republicans of Maine, every fourth voter is a Bondholder. He wants the principal of these Bonds paid in Gold; he is opposed to their payment according to contract-in Greenbacks; he is opposed to the taxation of those Bonds. He wants the toiling millions of the West to toil and stint and drudge, that he may draw big interest and take life easy.

In the West this is looked upon as unpopular. Its wrong and injustice are felt. The mass of the people, without regard to party, are realizing that the Republican politicians are selling the West out to the New England Bondholders and Manufacturers. They bear no ill-will to the Eastern Boudholders and Manufacturers; but they are finding out that they owe a duty to themselves and their families, and that that duty forbids their voting for GRANT, who was put in nomination at the instance of A. T. STEWART, of New York, who is one of the largest Bondholders in the United States.

This is evident from the four monster Democratic meetings held in the West on the 17th. The meeting held that day at Springfield, Illinois, which was addressed by Hon. GEORGE H. PENDLETON, is said to have numbered thirty-five thousand and to have overflowed with enthusiasm. The meeting at Wheeling, West Virginia, at which Judge Thurman and other distinguished gentlemen spoke, is represented to have numbered thirty thousand, and was the greatest political demonstration ever held in that portion of the country. 'On the

same day Hon. C. L. VALLANDIGHAM had a meeting of fifteen thousand at Jackson C. H., in this State, where the wildest enthusiasm prevailed, and at Hamilton, O., on the night of that day, there was the greatest night meeting ever held in that place. A special to the Cincinnati Commercial says that the Democrats claim that the meeting numbered ten thousand; but that he thinks that five thousand is nearer the number; that the people after the speaking was over became perfectly wild, and shouted for SEYMOUR, BLAIR and VALLANDIGHAM with an enthusiasm that beggars description. Thomas O. Lowe, the son of Colonel Lows, of the Union army, who lost his life i 'West Virginia, and General CUMMINGS

These monster meetings in the West on the same day, and after the Maine election, show that the people of the West are determined to look after their own interests, and not to entrust them to the Bondholders and Manufacturers of the East who seek to grind them down into a condition of abject servitude. As these parties in New England refuse to be generous to the West inasmuch as, SHYLOCK like, they will will not listen to reason, but insist upon a pound of flesh, to be cut from nearest the heart, although it is not nominated in the Bond, they will vote into office men who

tormerly of CRITTENDEN's corps, were the

speakers, who set their hearers wild with

Bondholder and the Manufacturer. Since the Maine election, the West has raised higher and carries with a firmer grasp the Banner of Greenbacks and Bond Taxation, of Exonomy and Reform.

will be true to Western interests, and who

are not purchasable by the money of the

Gov. HAYES, in his Cincinnati speech at the glorification, made this point:
"There is one thing in reference to this fact, that aids very much to the encouragement we are entitled to derive from it, which I have not seen in the press of this morning. You are aware that Horatio Seymour was not the nominee of the Western Democracy; that, in that whole Convention there was, perhaps, not a single Western Democrat in layor of Seymour's nomination."—Journal.

Governor HAYES may make a respectable Governor for a Radical, but as a truth-teller he is not a success.

HORATIO SEYMOUR Was nominated by the Western Democracy-by the friends of Mr. PENDLETON. Ohio cast the first vote recorded in his favor, and every Western State followed in swift succession. The Governor, before he attempts to make his "point" again, ought to inform himself, so ly against his character for veracity.

The Cruel Treatment of Prisoner On the 15th of July, 1867, the New York related to the charge of the Confederates that their prisoners had been inhumanely treated "in nearly all the prison stations of the North-at Point Lookout, Fort Mc-Henry, Fort Delaware, Johnson's Island, Elmira, Camp Chase, Camp Douglas. Alton, Camp Morton, the Obio Penitenary, and the prisons of St. Louis." - In

elation to this, the Tribune said : "These inculpations, we have seen, wer publicly made, more than two years ago, in the report of a joint committee; they are professedly based on sworn testimony, in good part quoted therein; and they have thus far received no specific contradiction. We trust that they can be refuted or very materially softened by counter testimony, and we are anxious that such testimony shall be taken before those able to give it shall be mainly dead or scattered to the four winds of heaven. We ask Congress, since it has too tardily resolved to investigate the reatment of our men while prisoners, to

make the inquiry general and thoroughto demonstrate our readiness to face the whole truth. Yet the House refuses to do this, and, on motion of General Washburni, of Wisconsin, adopts the tollowing:

""WHEREAS, Irresponsible statements have been made by persons in sympathy with the late Rebellion, implying that the Government of the United States has inhumanly treated its prisoners during the late Rebellion; and whereas no evidence has been produced to show that such allegations have any foundation in fact; and gations have any foundation in fact; and sations have any foundation in fact; and whereas the loyal people of the United States are well satisfied that in no instance were its prisoners treated otherwise than with kindness and humanity; therefore, "Resolv d. That this House will enter-tain no resolution which implies other than the most kind, tender and humane treat-

ment of its prisoners, unless such resolu-tion is accompanied by a responsible charge that they were treated otherwise.'
"Gen. Washburne we have esteemed a wise and able man; but this performance is not among those on which that judgment is founded. There is not a sympathizer with 'The Lost Cause' on earth who will not triumphantly read and cite it as evi-dence that the Republicans dare not make a full and fair investigation of the treatment of prisoners by each party in our late civil war—not even before a committee of their own choosing—and the impartial world will be likely to agree with them. Suppose a European historian writing the history of our great struggle, with the Confederate report aforesaid before him, and only Gen. Washburne's preamble and resolve to weigh against it—can there be any doubt as to his conclusion?"

Everybody with the right feeling in his eart, would desire a thorough investigation of these charges, to the end that the North should be cleared from all imputation of inhumanity.

Our military authorities having supervision of the matter stand charged with much of the responsibility-for the bad reatment of our prisoners imprisoned at Andersonville and other Southern prisons. Hon. WM. MUNGEN, the Representative from the Fifth Ohio Congressional District, urgently appealed to Congress to raise a mmittee to investigate this charge. He declared his ability to prove that the Confederate Government offered to pay, in gold, cotton and tobacco, three times the price for medicines to be used exclusively for the benefit of Federal soldiers, and that our authorities paid no attention to these propositions. On the 12th of May last, when the House was in committee of the Whole Mr. Mungan, for the third time, called atter. tion to this matter. We submit his remarks, and ask everybody to carefully read and ponder them. We cut his remarks from the Congressional Globe, giving the roccedings of the House for that day :

"Mr. MUNGEN-Mr. Chairman, I sim-"Mr. MUNGEN—ar. Charman, I simply wish to put myself right upon the record. Yesterday I offered a resolution that the powers of the select committee on the Treatment of Union Prisoners and Soldiers be enlarged so as to provide for an inquiry about the majority.

"BANGOR ME. September 15.—The Reinto certain matters. My colleague [Mr. Garfield] objected, and said that information was already before the House. That placed me in a false position before the House of asking for what was already be-fore it. I now declare that information is not before the House nor the special com-mittee, and I dely my colleage to prove his assertion of yesterday. He cannot do it.
"When I had the honor last session—I
think in July—to introduce a resolution on
the same subject, it was laid upon the table on motion of the gentleman from Wisconsin, [Mr. Washburne.] It was then laid u on the table on the ground that there was no person to take the responsibility of say-ing there was ground for it. I now say, in the first place, if there is any such inform-ation of this kind before the House I do not know it; and, in the second place, that I can prove by the testimony of officers of high position, both of the United States and Confed-

position, both of the United States and Confederate troops that the proposition was made by the Confederate Government to pay three times the price in gold cotton and tobacco for medicines for our soldiers at Andersonville and other Southern prisons; that those medicines should be put under charge of Federal surgeons, and by them taken in person to the different Southern prisons and used and distributed to and for the use of the Union prisoners alone; that this offer was made by the so-called Confederate Government through the proper officers to the proper officers of our Government, and was communicated by these latter officers to the proper heads of our Government, and that no response nor attention was paid to the proposition, although our soldiers were proposition, although our soldlers were dying in those prisons for want of medicine, and the Confederate Government intormed the proper officers of this Government of that fact in connection with the

proposition.

"I can prove that these propositions were received by our officers when transmitted to the proper authorities, and that they never received any response. I want the blame to rest where it belongs. If any of our men are guilty let them suff-r as well as others. If our soldiers were duing as as others. If our soldiers were dving, as was certainly the case, for want of medi-cine, and it was thus placed in the power of our authorities to relieve them, why did they not do so? The Confederates told them this was so; offered to pay three times the appraised value for medicines, send them with our own men, to be used for the bene fit of our own sick soldiers exclusively — What I desire is to have these points established. I hold myself personally respon-sible to establish the truth of what I say This House lays my resolution on the ta-ble. Why? Are gentlemen afraid of thtruth? Will any gentleman say that if our authorities are answerable for the deaths of those brave fellows in the prison pens of the South that our authorities should not bear the blame? Let justice be done though the heavens fall. I am satisfied that officers of our own Government are particeps criminis in the foul transaction. Let them be held up to public score; yes, le. them receive the justice due to them. Better men have been hung. But this House stops investi-gation into this question. It has twice de feated my proposition to investigate this mat ter. By its overwhelming Republican Rad-ical power it has laid this matter on the table, smothered it, refused to allow the committee to investigate. If gentlemen on the other side can stand this I can. The people will inquire and must be answered."

The Ablest German Orator in the

United States. Hon. EMIL ROTHE, of Wisconsin, who is announced to address German meetings at Toledo, Dayton, Cincinnati, Chillicothe, Portsmouth, Circleville, Columbus, Coshocton, New Philadelphia, Steubenville. Youngstown, Cleveland and Sandusky City, is spoken of as the ablest German orator in the United States. We hope, therefore, that the Democrats of these re spective cities will see to it that the Germans of all parties will turn out to hear

The Washington (Iowa) Press tells of a Democratic Justice of the Peace in that county who got up a campaign club of sub scribers and sent the money to the Missouri Democrat. In due time their papers came and the Democratic subscribers were very much astonished to find that the Democrat don't sapport Seymour. That Justice wants to know "what's in a name."—Jour-

The Missouri, so-called, Democrat is, and for years has been, the bitterest and most malignant of Radical sheets. The conductor of that paper, and that of the Portage County Democrat, of this State, are of the class of men who steal "the livery of to contribute in this the hour of (Radical Heaven to serve the devil in." Heaven to serve the devil in."

A Slander Nailed.

The Radical press throughout the State Tribuns devoted an editorial to the subject has been jubilant over a supposed division of "Cruelties to Prisoners." This editorial in the Democratic ranks in Indiana. LAYA DEVELIN, one of the best and most influential Democrats in the State, it was charged, had been forced to resign his position as Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, as he was forced to sell out his interest in the Indianapolis Sentinel b cause of his frienship for Mr. PENDLE-TON at the New York Convention, and that,

still retaining possession of a Democratic paper in Indiana, he had taken down the State Ticket from its head, and refused to support it, or the Democratic nominee for President. Mr. DEVELIN, in a card, published in the Commercial, nails the falsehood thus:

To the Editor of the Commercial :

You are mistaken in to-day's issue of the Commercial about my being "constrained to dispose of the Indianapolis Sentinel." I sold it as a matter of choice, not of compulsion. It was of my own free will, and pulsion. It was of my own free will, and not from the acts of others. You are, also, very much mistaken when you say "he has turther been persuaded to resign the chairmunship of the State Central Committee and retire to private life." I am the chairman of the committee. No one else has any authority to act in that capacity, and no other shall till after the election. I am n. t so easily persuaded to vacate the position so unanimously given me by the Democracy of the State. Such is not my nature. I have not "retired to private life," but, on the contrary, am speaking almost erey day in favor of Seymour, Blair, Hendricks and the State ticket, and expect so to labor from now until the last day and dricks and the State ticket, and expect so to labor from now until the last day and late in the evening, potwithstanding the low, petty meanness of some pretended Democrata of Indiana. I regard the success of my party and their principles of vastly more importance at this time, than to stop to avenge wrongs that have been inflicted upon me by designing men, merely to gratify their malicious hearts. Their will be a time for that. As for my "being in disgrace" by the action of two or three will be a time for that. As for my "being in disgrace" by the action of two or three traitorous sooundrels in Indianapolis, is a question that will be determined after the election, when a full and complete hearing will be had, and the public an opportunity to determine who is in the wrong.

I shall commit no overt act by which the

opposition to Democracy will be benefitted.
On the contrary, I ask every Democrat to
stand firmly in this political struggle by
the Democratic nominees everywhere.
Yours truly, LAFE DEVELIN.
Gambridge City, Ind., Sept. 16, 1868.

The Maine Election-How a Rad-

ical Figures it up, and how He makes Wrong Statements.

We have at length a telegram from Maine, signed by James G. Blaine, Chairman of the Radical State Central Committee, claiming 20,000 majority. Mr. BLAINE has filled the Radical papers with telegrams, each one dropping a few figures in the reported majority. Now he says that the Radical party is 7,000 in excess of the average majority for the last twelve years. Assuming that the reported majority is

correct, and taking every second year, when the vote is a tall one, during the last twelve years, the Republican loss in Maine is as follows:
Years, Rad. majority. Rad. loss (856. 27.744 7.74 1860. 27.707 7.74 1864 21.132 1.19 1866. 27.690 7.59 is as follows:

The vote of 1862 is omitted from the fact that that year there were three candidates for Governor in the field and parties were more or less split up. By the above facts, shown to be such by

the figures, Mr. BLAINE in his telegram is

convicted of telling an untruth. But we take it that Mr. BLAINE has been guilty of other untruths besides that above named. The following to the New York World, from gentlemen whose means of

"Bangor, Mr., September 15.-The Re-publicans of this city, including the Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, are greatly discouraged at the result in their State. They had confidently counted on 25,000 majority for Chamberlain. Returns received to-day Chamberlain. Returns received to-day indicate that it will not exceed 15,000, which is a Democratic gain of nearly 13,000 from 1866, the last test vote in the State. The Democrats throughout the State are jubliant, it being conceded before the election that anything less than 20,000 Republican majority would be a Democratic triumph. For ten days before election the Radicals freely bet on from 20,000 to 25,000 majority. Large sums of money have changed hands to-day, the of money have changed hands to-day, the Radicals paying up their bets. In the cities and a few large towns, where the Radicals hold absolute control c. the polls, they made large gains over last year; but the country towns generally show large Democratic gains. The Radicals have spent half a million of dollars in this election.

"CHARLES W. ROBERTSON, The glory the Radicals can gather from the Maine election they can put in their pipes and smoke.

Don't Wish Any Appointments. Hon. E. M. STANTON, the ex-Secretary of War, has informed the Republican Executive Committee of Ohio, that he don't know when he shall return to Ohio, and that he don't want any appointments to speak.

What, does he feel as THADDEUS STEvens felt, that the Republican determination to saddle a crushing Public Debt perpetually upon the people is a swindle so great that every honest man should vote against the Republican party, and thereby defeat it? THE MEAN OF LANDOFFIE

Au Agreeable Surprise.

Those of our citizens who were so fortu Those of our citizens who were so fortunate as to be at the Democratic Headquarters last evening, had a rare intellectual treat. Between seven and eight
o'clock it became known that General
Durbin Ward and Col. Connell were stopping in our city, on their way to McConnellsville, where they went to attend a
meeting at that place, to-day. The meeting
called James T. Irvine to the chair and
a Anderson as Secretary. A committee of 8. Anderson as Secretary. A committee of tree, consisting of G. Arthur, H. Korte, and D. Keeley was appointed to wait upon the distinguished gentlemen and layite them to address the meeting. The commit-tee, after a short absence, returned in com-pany with Gen. Ward and Col. Connell. The General at once opened a broadside of ponderous argument upon Radical reconstruction, finance. &: For more than an Lour the audience listened to his masterly discussion of the questions involved in the

present campaign. At the close of the General's speech, Colnel Connell was introduced and spoke for near an hour in that earnest, eloquent style so peculiar to him. The hall was crowded to its utmost, although no notice had been given. The Democracy of Zanesville and vicinity have become enlivened and have vicinity have become enlivened and have entered into the contest in earnest. We therefore advise the Radicals to take down their slates and calculate the tremendous m jority that will be given against them in old Muskingum this fall.—Zanesville Signal

[From the Weekly Northwest.] More Black-Mailing.

Captain Taylor, Postmaster at this place, has received the following pressing invi-STATE UNION REP. COM. ROOMS.)
COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 11.

To P. M., Napoleon, Ohio:

DEAR SIR-You are requested to contribute \$10 to this committee, for legiti-mate campaign purposes, and to forward the same by the 25th inst. It is confidently expected you will respond prompt-ly, in this the hour of our need.

Yours, with respect. A. B. BUTTLES, Chairman, RODNEY FOOS, Secretary, S. S. WARNER, Treasurer, WM. DENNISON. R. D. HARRISON, W. R. THRALL,

E. L. TAYLOR, State Union Executive Com. Captain Taylor says, not having any money invested in bonds, he considers that money invested in bonds, he considers that he is already taxed enough towards the support of the Radical party, and respectfully declines to "respond" to the above demand. The "State Union Executive Committee" had better send their circulars to their party's pets, the bondholders, who, being exempt from all taxation, can afford to contribute in this the hour of (Radical)

Letter from Marysville.

[Correspondence of the Ohio Statesman.]
MARYSVILLE, OHIO, Sept 16, 1868. MARYSVILLE, OHIO, Sept 16, 1868.

This is the day of all days for the Black and Tanners of Union county. A day long to be remembered (by our friends who suptible of the beautiful and the beaut

port Grant and Colfax) as a grand "fiz." At 8 o'clock A. M. the Hon. Rev. Col. In 1864 Granville Moody (who never was known until the war was upon us, some five or six in 1858...
years since,) and Col. M. B. Walker, the ray of members during 1868... lustrious speaker of the day, made their mg entrance into the small quiet village of Marysville, I say quiet, for it was nothing else—the thousands that were expected to be present on the occasion, were not up to

At 1 o'clock P. M. the large and enthusiastic crowd or expected thousands, which did not number more than one hundred and fifty or two hundred, assembled at the Union Hall. The honest Divine and the illustrious Colonel were on hand, but their small audience did not look encouraging. They made powerful, moving speeches; for at the close the hall was nearly vacated. I omitted stating that Walker had not committed his piece to memory, he having to use his manuscript all through his ad-

Mr. Esbelman addresses the Seymour Club on Friday evening. Expect a big SUBSCRIBER. time. [From another Correspondent.]

MARYSVILLE, UNION COUNTY. OHIO. September 17th, 1868. ED. STATESMAN: After scattering bills hy the hundred throughout the county, announcing a grand mass meeting to be held here on the 16th instant, besides an advertisement in the Tribune of this place with the names of Parson Granville Moody and General Walker in large type, the Abolition party of Union county succeeded in calling together the smallest politi-

The meeting was to be held at the County Fair grounds, but owing to the very few present, it was deemed best to have it at the Union Hall, where each and every one could have a comfortable seat, with plenty of room to spare.

After the meeting was called to order, the Chairman introduced General B. M. Walker. His speech was simply a rehash the people of Columbus at the of his sayings at other places, sprinkled with sufficient abuse of all those who were unfortunate (or fortunate) enough as to differ with him in opinion. His speech elicited no applause whatever from those present, which is the best evidence of its failure to have been either interesting or instructive.

Parson Moody was the next speaker, but being very hoarse his speech did not amount to much. He requested all those present—that is, those of the same political faith—to bind themselves by an FRANKLINERN, Monday evening, September 21st. oath, every other word of which was "blood," never to vote anything but the HARRISBUR 3, Monday evening, October 5th. Abolition ticket, and insisted that they GROVEPORT, Tuesday evening, October 6thshould repeat the words after him; but COLUMBUS (west front State House). Saturday evening, October 10th, with Hon. P. Van Trump and others. driving at, or having no desire to torever and ever tie themselves to a corpse, not a meetings and hear the political issues of single voice responded to his urgent ap- the present campaign discussed. peals. He finally proposed three cheers for Grant and Coltax, in which he was more

successful. The meeting was not, as erroneously re ported by some, opened with prayer. The idea no doubt originated from the fact that the Parson is sometimes in the habit of preaching about One whom a few Abolitionists of the Reserve, a few years since, petitioned the Legislature to call, by special enactment, Mr. Jesus Christ. Dover.

Time. s alawag in Washington, by the name of township or ward winning it two success. H. V. N. Boynton, who does not scruple at sive years. any crime; and just now his attention seems especially directed to the Third District of Ohjo. Yesterday he sent out the following dispatch, purporting to be from Mr. Vallandigham:

ury, Washington, D.C.; "Why are Radicals still appointed to office in this State? This thing must stop. [Signed] "C. L. Vallandigham." Now we pronounce the foregoing to be a

deliberate and barefaced forgery through-out. Mr. V. never wrote or seut it or anything like it to the Secretary of the Treasury. Neither did be write or send it to ury. Neither did be write or send it to anybody else anywhere.

Again: Mr. Vallandigham's visit to New York was on the business of the Democratic State Executive Committee, and arranged for before he dreamed of being nominated for Congress. The nature of it

is nobody's business but theirs.

As to money here for this district, there are several Democrats in it able to buy and sell Boynton and Smith and the whole Gazette company, several times a day; and we suppose they are probably able to raise money themselves if they choose. Whether they will finally choose to do so or not, it is for them to say, and not the Cincinnati

As to the charge of "colonization," it is a deliberate falsehood published to cover up the same game by themselves, or to excuse defeat and prepare for the "Delano style" of getting into Congress-by contested election. We tell the Gazette, and all concerned that it is much easier and cheaper to make Republican converts to

Democracy now.

We suppose Mr. Vallandigham has intelligence enough to understand that if the popular current in the West, is running in favor of the Republicans, he has no chance of an election through any shallow constants. trivance; and Mr. Scheuck ought to have a like knowledge in his case, that if that current should be setting in in favor of the Democracy, he has no chance of election. Let us then have that "square fight," and be satisfied with the result.—Dayton Ledger

The Radical Meeting.

The Radical mass meeting here on last Thursday was a very slim affair. Even the lie in the bills that Spoon Thief Beast But-ler would be here, failed to draw any con-siderable number of the curious. The procession was just about one-seventh the size of that of the Democracy on the 3d, by actual count. The Democratic procession in wagons and buggies numbered over 500, while that of the Rads counted but 76, all told. A steady rain set in about 11 o'clock, drenching those in the procession com-pletely, and the "lovers of Grant voters" got their pretty white dresses dampened and soiled, and their ardor materially cooled off, no doubt. After beating and yelling about the streets, the slim crowd assembled at the Court-house, where the Radical policy of negro States and political and social amalgama-tion with the negro, and a high protective and prohibitory tariff for the East at the expense of the West, and gold for the bond-holder and greenbacks for the plowholder, was expatiated upon by screeching "suspended animation" Sam. Galloway, and long-legged, negro-loving State's Attorney General West, the same who entered a nolle in Bill Gibson's case after he had been convicted to the Penitentiary for had been convicted to the Penitentiary for embezziing the funds of the State. Of such is Radical leadership, and such their song, and the great wender is that so many hon-est, intelligent men are gulled into the support of such a party. The only reason for such a suicidal course on their part is found in the fact of party prejudice and non-investigation of the great dividing is-sues.—[Greenville Democrat.

A Member of Schenck's Family Some time ago, as we are informed, a negro traveling on one of the passenger trains of the C. H. & D. R. R., when asked by the conductor for his fare, presented a pass to Robert C. Schenck by said Company. The conductor asked the negro if he was Gen. Schenek. The negro replied, "no, but I'm a member of his family." The "no, but I'm a member of his family." The conductor not seeing any family resemblance, and the pass not being transferable, refused to receive it, and made the important darkey pay his fare. The darky reported the matter to the head of the family, who became highly indignant, and by bullying and misrepresentation at head quarters, had the offending conductor discharged. We wish our railroad men to charged. We wish our railroad men to PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP" for the TOILET make a note of this, and hereaster not inmake a note of this, and hereaster not insuit a member of the Schenck family.—

Dayton Ledger

Dayton Ledger

**The schenck family.—

Dayton Ledger

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Contingent Expenses of the Hous

of Representatives.

Tax-payers, the session of Congress dur-Is it not time to change? Answer at the ballot-box on Tuesday, the 13th day of October.

Stationery for Congress. The following figures exhibit the man ier in which the Radical Congress throws away the people's hard-earned money :

xques of 1868 over 1864..... Why is it that more stationery was required in 1868 than 1864? There was the same number of hiembers in 1864 as in 1868, until the last days of the session.

GEN. THOMAS EWING, Jr. WILL ADDRESS THE PEOPLE OF COLMUBUS

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 20 cal gathering ever assembled here since JOHN G. THOMPSON. Chairman Democratic Co. Ex. Com W. S. HUFFMAN, Sec'y.

> GENERAL DURBIN WARD AND

COLONEL JOHN M. CONNELL Will address the White Boys in Blue, and West Front of the State House,

on Wednesday evening, September 23d at 8 o'clock. JOHN G. THOMPSON, Ch'n Co. Ex. Com.

GEV. JOS. H. GEIGER

W. S. HUFFMAN, Sec'y.

Will address the people of Franklin county at the following places: GROVE CITY, Tuesday evening, September 29th

Let men of all parties attend these JOHN G. THOMPSON

Chairman Dem. Co. Ex. Com W. S. HUPPMAN, Sec'y.

\$100 Silk Banner. At a meeting of the Democratic County Central and Executive Committees, held at

Thurman Hall, on Saturday, August 29, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the ward or township in Franklin county giving the largest propor-tionate increased Democratic vote for the Democratic State Ticket, over the vote Morg Forgery-Falsehood all the given for Judge Thurman for Governor, in The Cincinnati Gazette has a miserable worth one hundred dollars, to be held by the

JOHN G. THOMPSON. Ch'm'n Co. Ex. Com. W. S. HUFFMAN, Secretary.

Hon. George L. Converse "To H. McCulloch, Secretary of the Treas- Will address the Seymour and Blair Club at Pleasant Valley, on Monday evening, September 21st.

JNO. G. THOMPSON, Secretary District Committee

New Advertisements The Ohio Statesman has a Larger Circulation than any pa per published in this City or Central Ohio. Advertisers will bear this in mind.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP EXISTING BE. L tween Peter Shille and George Graham, under the firm name of Shille & Graham, was dissolved September 17, 1885, by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by Peter Shille. All persons having claims against the firm will please present the n immediately.

DRUNKENNESS



CURED WITH

DR. JOHNSTON'S SPECIFIC.

THE ONLY INFALLIBLE RETIEDY confirmed by Experience and science. Dr. Johnston's Treatise on "Drunkenness, its Consequences and Cure." free on application. Price of Specific per bottle, \$1.50, or three bottles for \$4.00. Aug. J. schueller. Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer, Columbus, O SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE FRANKLIN COUNTY IS POSTPONED, On account of the weather and condition of the

6th, 7th, 8th and 9th of Oct. By order of the Board. R. F. REES, President. C. S. GLENN, Secretary. sept14-dtf-r

THE "DEX FER CIRCULAR," after six months' trial, is pronounced the most wonderfully quick method ever discovered to make any untrained horse or celt trot fast without the use of a track. One boy made \$900 on two common colts; \$1,200 on another. Price \$1. Address.

GEO. A. ATKINS, 2 De. street, N. Y. P. S.—"We recommend every farmers' immediate attention to this circular." J. W. Forman, Troy Mills, Iowa; O. J. Brizce, Egremont, Mass.; Charles Palmer, Hilledale, N. Y.; John Gildersleeve, Austerlitz, N. Y.; Russel Tremain, Post master, Gre en River, N. Y., and a hundred other seps-daw

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN LOTION" for Beautifying the SKIN and COMPLEXION Removes all ESUPTIONS FRECKERS, PIM PLES MOTH BLOTCHES, TAN, etc., and renders THE SKIN SOFT, FAIR and BLOOMING. For LADIES in the NURSERY it is invaluable For GENTLEMEN after SHAVING it has no

able remedy for diseases and blemishes of the VNY-my22-eodly "FLOR DE MAYO." "FLOR DR MAYO" A NEW PERFUME for the HANDKERCHIEF REQUISITE, DELICATE, Lasting FRAGRANCE PHALON & SON, N. Y. Sold by all Druggists

equal. "PAPHIAN LOTION" is the only rel

NORSERY, and BATH, will not chap th

MEDICAL.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

VOL. XXX 71

NATIONAL MOTES.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

THE PARTIES NO. P.

ADDRESS

MITTER STATE MOTER, TO THE NERVOUS AND DEBILI-TATED whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to ren der existence desirable. If you are suffering from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce on your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired ? Does a little exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flecky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has a sediment at the bottom after it has upon which they are applied, and relieve nervous stood awhile? Do you have spells of affections of the bowers, lumbage, pains of the side, and natually all local pains. In affections of the kidneys they are of great service. West Front of the Capitol bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the bead? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this

subject ? Do you feel dull, listless, mo-

ping, tired of company, of life? Do

you wish to be left alone, to get away

from everybody? Does any little thing

make you start or jump? Is your sleep

broken or restless? Is the lastre of your eve as brilliant? The blood on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy your self in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? The you feel as much confidence in your self? Are your spirits dull and flagging, Sores, Swelings and Sore Throat. It is no new self in society as well? Do you purgiven to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia .-Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to no one has ever tried it but continues its use. Recollect to get Dr. Tebias' Venetian Horse Liniment dyspepsia or liver complaint? in pint bottles, and take no other. Sold by the Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States. Depot 10 Park Place, New York. Peny-jule-dawly-em Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal dis-

ease badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart.

The "Medical Times" says of this work: "This valuable treatise on the cause and cure of premarkations of the property of the period They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always politic and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the force proper of your downest looks. face-none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also not ruin their constitutions. The split of the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous instantaneous; no disappointment in ridiculous instantaneous; no disappointment in ridiculous instantaneous; no disap those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly cured dis. New Advertisements eases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, snieide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir too, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all NO. 163 SOUTH HIGH STREET, Complaints, General Debility, and all Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating, and ne matter how long standing.

Would respectfully invite their friends and the public generally to call and examine their five and well selected stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering real continuous and which they are new offering real continuous and the public generally to call and examine their friends and the public generally to call and examine their five and well selected stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering received and continuous and the public generally to call and examine their five and well selected stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering received stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering received stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering received stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering received stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering received stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering received stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering received stock of Ledies', Genta', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes, this day received direct from the bast, and which they are new offering received direct from the bast, and they are not seen they are not seen they are not how long standing.

A WORD WILLIAMS PRESENTA AND SECTION OF PARE LICHTAND WHOLESOME If no treatment is submitted to, Con

sumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of posterity depends upor prompt use of a reliable remedy. Helmbold's Extract Buchu, establish

ed upward of 18 years, prepared by

B. T. HELMBOLD,

593 Broadway, New York, and

PATTERNAL PA.

104 South 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa

PRICE.—\$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles CAMP CHASE LAND for \$6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

SPECIAL NOTICES. HALLS

VECETABLE SICILIAN HAIR The basis of its remedial properties is a vegets

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR. ustrous and silken. It is a splendid hair dressing.
R. P. HALL& CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors

inly25 ditaw&wly-om Cristadoro's Hair Dye. Old Father Time takes many a year To turn to white dark colored hair: But instantly the EXCELSIOR DYE Brings back the tint that charges the ever And Nature owns that cunning Art Can her own living bues impart.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative. Oh, how beautifully gloss; your hair looks of late.
Maris. Yes, Julia, since, I have used Cristadoro's
Hair Preservative and Beautifier, my hair has im
proved wenderfully, and stopped falling out alto-

gether.
Sold by Druggists, and applied by all Hair Dressers. Manufactory No. 68 Mailen lane, Principal Depot No. 6 Astor House.
Peny-jul6-dawly-emma

IMMENSE INCHEASE OF SALES.

Allcock's Porous Plasters Where one was sold a few years ago, a thousand are sold new. They strengthen, warm and invigorate the part

SY Lame Back.

T. ALLCOCK & Co.—Gentlemen: Hartly suffered severely from a weakness in my back. Having heard your Plasters much recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one, and the result was all I could dusire. A single Plaster oured me in a Yours respectfully. J. G. BRIGGS,
Proprietor of the Brandreth House.
Principal Agency, Brandreth House, New York.

Sold by all Druggists. "To Owners of Horses." (Thousands of horses die yearly from Colic. The remedy, but of 21 years' standing, and approved by the first horsemen in the country. Col. Philo P. Bush, of the Jerome Park Course, has used it for years, and recommends it to his friends. Or-ders are constantly received for it from the Racing Stables in England. It has stood the test of time;

PROFESSIONAL. DR. A. B. WILLIAMS, West Broadway, new ligh street, Columbus, Ohio, has devoted himself or a series of years to the treatment of certain pul-rate diseases. He may beconsulted at his office-dron-lway, sear the Exchange Bank may3r-te

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF VOUTH restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. DR. BICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores mahly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habis, self-abuse, impotency and climate, give away at once to this wooderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions (which are very simple and require no restraint from business or pleasure.) Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at \$3, or four quantities in one for \$9. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America. H. Geritzen, 208 Second Ave., New York.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE. - This

THE NATIONAL TRUST OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK. No. 336 Broadway.

Capital, - One Million Dollars. CHARTERED BY THE STATE. DARIUS R. MANGAM. Pres't. Jas. MERRILL, Sec'y. DARIUS R. MANGAM Pres't. JAR. MERRILL, See'y,
Receives Deposits and allows FOUR PER CENT.
INTEREST on all Daily Balances, subject to check
at sight. Special Deposits for Six months or more,
may be made at five percent. The Capital of One
Million Dollars is divided among over 500 Shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth
and financial experience, who are also personally
liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock.—
As the National Trust Company receives deposits
in large or small amounts, and permits them to be
drawn as a whole or in. p. rt by check at sight and
without notice, allowing interest on all daily balances, parties throughout the country can keep accounts in this Ins litution with special advantages
of security, convenience and profit.

. s. shrpard. G. HORIGER. CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES. NEW FIRM.

CUSTOM MADE WORK.

Repairing of all kinds neatly and promptly done.
We would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. Please give us a call. No trouble to show goods.
Remember the place: No. 163 South High street.
SHEPARD & HORIGGE.
Columbus, O., Sept. 12, 1868. SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OF-fice of the City Civil Engineer in Columbus, Ohio, until

Monday, Sept. 21st, 1868, at 4 o'clock P. M., for doing the following work, at 4 o'clock P. M., for doing the following work, to-wit:

For grading and graveling the readway of South street from Seventh street to Washington avenue. For grading and graveling the readway of Washington avenue from Mound street to South street. For grading and paving the unpaved sidewalks on the north side of East Gay street from Clevelant areance to Washington avenue.

For grading and paving the unpaved gutter and crossings and grading and graveling the sidewalks and readway on Pars in's street from South Public lane to Division street.

For grading and paving the gutters and crossings and grading and graveling the readway of Washington avenue from East Long street to John street.

For building a twelve inch stone pipe sewer in Seventh street from the north line of W. C. Brown's lot on Broad street to the first alley north of Broad street.

The bids will be opened by the committee of the

Brown's lot on Brown states to the committee of the of Broad strict.

The bids will be opened by the committee of the wards in which the improvement is to be made. The committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids at their discretion.

B. F. BOWEN. B. F. BOWEN,
City Civil Engineer.
City Civil Engineer's office, No. 88 South High
street, up stairs.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ENGINEER OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT, COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 9, 1868, COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 9, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED

at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Fire
Department, at the North Engine House, where the
plans and specifications can be seen, until MONDAY, the Sist day of Scotember, 1864, at 40 clock
P. M., for building and finishing complete thirreen
city cisterns, ranging from 200 to 500 barrels, with
the necessary wells and pumps.

The bids will be ocened by the standing committee on the Fire Department, and the co-rmittee reserve the right to reject any or all bids, at
their discretion.

W. S. HUFFMAN, W. S. HUFFMAN, Chief Engineer of the Fire Department

FOR SALE.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed iy22-dw&s-weekly H. T. HELMBOUD.

The TRACT OF LAND, CONTAINING FOUR hundred and sixty-five acres, and occupied as Camp Chase during the war, is now offered for sale in lots to suit purchasers. This land is of sup rior quality, and its on the National Road, four miles west of Columbus, Ohio.

Terms—One-fourth of the purchase money at time of sale, the remainder in three equal annual payments. Apply to

Three miles west of Columbus.

September 8, 1868.

September 8, 1868.